

# Package: sdf.test (via r-universe)

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**Title** Nonparametric Two Sample Test for Equality of Spectral Densities

**Version** 0.0.1.0

**Description** Nonparametric method for testing the equality of the spectral densities of two time series of possibly different lengths. The time series are preprocessed with the discrete cosine transform and the variance stabilising transform to obtain an approximate Gaussian regression setting for the log-spectral density function. The test statistic is based on the squared L2 norm of the difference between the estimated log-spectral densities. The test returns the result, the statistic value, and the p-value. It also provides the estimated empirical quantile and null distribution under the hypothesis of equal spectral densities. An example using EEG data is included. For details see Nadin, Krivobokova, Enikeeva (2026), <doi:10.48550/arXiv.2602.10774>.

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.1

**Imports** dtt, stats

**Suggests** doParallel, foreach, parallel, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**Depends** R (>= 3.5)

**LazyData** true

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Author** Ilaria Nadin [aut, cre], Tatyana Krivobokova [aut], Farida Enikeeva [aut], Karolina Klockmann [aut]

**Maintainer** Ilaria Nadin <ilaria.nadin@gmail.com>

**Repository** <https://ilarianadin-crypto.r-universe.dev>

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eeg_data	<i>EEG Signals</i>
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### Description

A dataset containing four EEG recordings of a patient under rest or different transcranial Direct Current Stimulations (tDCS).

### Usage

```
eeg_data
```

### Format

A data frame with columns:

**index** Integer index of the measurement (frequency of 250 Hz).

**condition** Can take four values: "initial\_rest", devtools::document() "first\_frontal\_tDCS", "second\_frontal\_tDCS", "posterior\_tDCS".

**signal** Numeric EEG measurement.

### Source

Original: Alexis Pomares, "Dissertation preprocessed EEG dataset", <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/alexispomares/dissertation-preprocessed> This version has been preprocessed by selecting specific conditions and removing outliers, for details see (Nadin, Kivobokova, Enikeeva; 2026).

### Examples

```
data(eeg_data)
head(eeg_data)
tail(eeg_data)
str(eeg_data)
X1 <- subset(eeg_data, condition == "first_frontal_tDCS")$signal
```

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print.test	<i>Print test</i>
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**Description**

Custom printing function for the class "test".

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'test'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	Object of class "test".
...	Further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**Value**

Invisible x.

**Examples**

```
test <- sdf.test(  
  X1 = rnorm(50), X2 = rnorm(50),  
  q1 = 2, method1 = "GCV", Te = 10, alpha = 0.05, N = 1000  
)  
print(test)  
test
```

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sdf.test	<i>SDF Test</i>
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**Description**

Performs the test for equality of spectral densities of two time series.

**Usage**

```
sdf.test(  
  X1,  
  X2,  
  Te,  
  alpha,  
  q1 = 4,
```

```

method1 = "GCV",
f1_true = NULL,
q2 = q1,
method2 = method1,
f2_true = f1_true,
N = 10000,
cores = 1,
nulldistr = NULL
)

```

### Arguments

X1	Longest time series.
X2	Shortest time series.
Te	Integer. Number of bins.
alpha	Numeric. Significance level for the test.
q1	Integer. Penalisation order for X1, q=1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 are available (default 4).
method1	Character. Method for selecting the smoothing parameter for X1 (default "GCV").
f1_true	Vector or NULL. True regression function evaluated at equi-spaced points. Required only if method1 is set to "GCV-oracle" or "ML-oracle".
q2	Integer. Penalization order for X2 (default q1).
method2	Character. Method for selecting the smoothing parameter for X2 (default method1).
f2_true	Vector or NULL. True regression function evaluated at equi-spaced points. Required only if method2 is set to "GCV-oracle" or "ML-oracle" (default f1_true).
N	Integer. Number of iterations for null distribution computation (default 10000).
cores	Integer. Number of cores for parallel computation of null distribution (default 1).
nulldistr	Vector or NULL. Vector of empirical null distribution (default NULL).

### Value

An object of class "test", which is a list containing the following components:

- `result`: Logical. TRUE if the null hypothesis of equality of spectral densities is accepted by the test, FALSE otherwise.
- `S`: Value of the statistic.
- `quantile`: Empirical quantile used for the test.
- `p-value`: p-value of the test according to the empirical null distribution.
- `nulldistr`: Vector of empirical null distribution.

### References

Nadin, Krivobokova, Enikeeva (2026). Nonparametric two sample test of spectral densities. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2602.10774>

**Examples**

```
# --- Example 1: Using random data ---
test <- sdf.test(
  X1 = rnorm(100), X2 = rnorm(80),
  q1 = 4, method1 = "GCV", Te = 20, alpha = 0.05, N = 1000
)
test

# --- Example 2: Using random data ---

X1 <- arima.sim(list(order=c(1,0,0),ar=0.5),n = 1200,rand.gen = rnorm, sd = 1)
X2 <- arima.sim(list(order=c(1,0,0),ar=0.8),n = 1000,rand.gen = rnorm, sd = 1)
sdf.test(
  X1 = X1, X2 = X2,
  q1 = 4, method1 = "GCV", Te = 176, alpha = 0.05
)

# --- Example 3: Using EEG dataset ---

data(eeg_data)
X1 <- subset(eeg_data, condition == "first_frontal_tDCS")$signal
X2 <- subset(eeg_data, condition == "second_frontal_tDCS")$signal
test <- sdf.test(
  X1 = X1, X2 = X2,
  q1 = 4, method1 = "ML", Te = 2100, alpha = 0.05, cores = 50
)
test
```

# Index

\* **datasets**

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